Writing Skills Theory (109) internal MCQ questions

l.	Come meet Janet, a clown and an acrobat
	Come meet Janet, a clown, and an acrobat Come meet Janet a clown, and an acrobat None of these
	Ans- Come meet Janet, a clown, and an acrobat
2.	5 W's 1 H is mostly used in which of the following types of media writing
	Writing to inform Persuade Describe None of these
	Ans- Writing to inform
3.	Brainstorming is a part of
	Revision Editing Pre-writing process Publishing
	Ans-Pre writing process
4.	is a creative and a subject article, which is designed to entertain and inform readers.
	News story
	Feature
	Editorials
	None of these
	Ans-Feature

5.	is an interesting story about a real incident or a person.
	Metaphors Anecdote Feature None of the above
	Ans-Anecdote
6.	Inverted pyramid style of news writing is most common in
	Straight news stories Features Editorials Columns
	Ans-Straight news stories
7.	The main purpose of which of the following styles of writing is to 'explain' and educate the readers?
	Expository Descriptive Persuasive Narrative
	Ans-Expository
8.	writing offers potential creative use of text, audio, video, live action, background sound, graphs, charts, photographs, an even animation.
	Web Print Both of these None of these
	Ans. Web
9.	In APA style the list of references should be in order by: Chronological by date of publication Alphabetical by first author's last name Alphabetical by title

	No particular order
	Ans. Alphabetical by first author's last name
	In APA style. Page number starts at 1 on the title page. True False
	Ans. True
11.	Select the correct format for writing title in APA style
	Deconstructing plagiarism DECONSTRUCTING PLAGIARISM Deconstructing Plagiarism All of these
	Ans. Deconstructing Plagiarism
12.	Adding, rearranging, replacing, removing is a part of process.
	Revision Pre-writing Publishing Proofreading
	Ans. Revision
	style of writing news stories is a common method where the most fundamental information is written in the lead paragraph of the story.
	Inverted pyramid APA style Headline None of these
	Ans. Inverted pyramid
	writing is both simple and conversational. Broadcast

	Print media All of these
	Ans. Broadcast
15	is more than just rereading copy so that you can check and recheck for grammar, syntax, facts, figures, etc. Editing Proof reading Writing Brainstorming
	Ans. Editing
16	The main purpose of writing is to 'show' the readers. Expository Descriptive Persuasive Narrative
	Ans. Descriptive
17	is a fast, easy media that targets everyone, from highly educated people to less knowledgeable ones Radio Newspaper New media None of these
	Ans. Radio
18	. Color and imagery in feature stories can be brought through Staid vocabulary Descriptive words Correct grammar All of these
	Ans. Descriptive words

19. A is a recurring piece or article in a newspaper or magazine where a writer expresses his/her own opinion in a few columns allotted by the publication. Summary	
Paragraph	
Column	
Essay	
Ans. Column	
20. A feature puts people at the heart of the events.	
Personal narratives	
Profiles	
Human interest	
Trend	
Ans. Human interest	
21. Who writes columns for TOI from the following?	
Shoba De	
Vir Sanghvi	
Shashi Tharoor	
Harish Iyer	
Ans. Shobha De	
22. A analyses films based on story, direction, acting, background score, etc.	
food review	
book review	
movie review	
album review	
Ans. Movie review	
23. Feature stories resemble fictional short stories in that they	
• use description, sensory details, quotations, anecdotes, personification and other story-tellin devices.	ıg

do not have to be factual.

are based largely on the writer's imagination.

• do not have to be balanced in their treatment of controversial issues. Ans. use description, sensory details, quotations, anecdotes, personification and other storytelling devices.	
24. Conveying key ideas in the fewest words possible is called as	
Balance Brevity Clarity Simplicity	
Ans. Brevity	
25 is when journalists do not take sides in a news story and presenting the facts and viewpoints in an even manner	
Balance Accuracy Clarity Simplicity	
Ans. Balance	
26. The state of being factually correct and establishing the context of the story fairly so that a reader can understand it correctly is known as	
Balance Accuracy Clarity Simplicity	
Ans. Accuracy	
27. A sentence construction that places the object first, emphasizing the object being acted upon is called	
Active voice Passive voice Direct Indirect	

Ans. Passive voice
28. The questions are also known as 5 W's and I H in media writing.
What, why, which, where, when, how
What, where, when, when, how
Who, what, where, when, why, how Why, whom, whose, which, what, how
why, whom, whose, which, what, now
Ans. Who, what, where, when, why, how
29. A solid system of ethics to guide someone through what they should do is called as
Legal standards
Ethical standards
Moral standards
Physical standards
Ans. Ethical standards
30. The sources of your information are mentioned under in a research paper.
Introduction
Chapter 1
References
None of these
Ans. References
31. A good is in writer's own words and shortens the original text. It is written in writer's own words but without any grammatical errors.
Paragraph
Essay
Research paper
Summary
Ans. summary
32. Writing is an art can be understood by the following example

Inverted pyramid style of writing Writing for radio features
Shakespeare's sonnets
Essay writing

Ans. Shakespeare's sonnets

33. Grammar, spelling and punctuation

Are essential starting points to test your writing skills.

Are no longer essential because of spelling and grammar checks.

Are not as important as expressing yourself as a writer.

Are automatically ingrained in you by the time you become a writer.

Ans. Are essential starting points to test your writing skills.

34. Reflective, narrative, descriptive, expository and imaginative are types of ____.

Essays

Paragraphs

Summaries

Columns

Ans. Essays

35. Good writers must be born with that skill.

True

False

Ans. False

36. Clarity means the writer should

Write everything precisely

Write about every intricate detail of a story.

Include complex thoughts in every piece.

Simplify the writing as much as possible.

Ans. Simplify the writing as much as possible.

37. Jargons should be avoided by journalists as often as possible.

True
False
Ans. True
38. One way a feature story differs from a hard news story is
The topics are explored more in depth than hard news stories The language and grammar don't have to be as precise. They are more important than hard news. They don't have to be researched as much.
Ans. The topics are explored more in depth than hard news stories
39. Broadcast writing, compared to newspaper writing
Uses more complex language. Uses simpler language. Uses the same language. Uses a lot of slang and jargon.
Ans. Uses simpler language.
40. A violation of ethics means a journalist has also broken the law.
True False
Ans. False
41 is an individual or group idea generation technique to find a solution for a particular problem by generating multiple solutions.
Brainstorming Discernment of events Both of these None of these
Ans. brainstorming

42 is the first sentence in the inverted pyramid.
Lead Jargon Flow Conclusion
Ans. Lead
43. The format to write level 3 heading in APA style is
Flush left, bold italic, title case heading Center, bold, title case heading Flush left, bold, title case heading Indented, bold italic, title case heading, ending with a period
Ans. Flush left, bold italic, title case heading
44. Audience analysis is important
To deliver the message in an appropriate manner To hone your strategy for communication To improve the effectiveness of presentation created All of these
Ans. All of these
45. To ensure brevity of matter, writers should follow the rule.
Inverted pyramid APA style 5 W's 1 H KISS
Ans. KISS